REMARKS

Reconsideration of this application, as presently amended, is respectfully requested.

Claims 1-14 are pending in this application. Claims 1-14 stand rejected.

Information Disclosure Statement

It is noted that an Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) was filed on March 23, 2004 in the above-referenced patent application. However, the outstanding Office Action mailed on August 11, 2004 did not include an initialed copy of form PTO-1449 indicating that the references submitted with the March 23, 2004 IDS have been considered and made of record by the Examiner. Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner consider the references submitted with Information Disclosure Statement filed March 23, 2004 and provide an initialed copy of Form PTO-1449 with the next communication.

Amendments to the Specification

Although the Examiner has not specifically objected to the specification, the Examiner requested that applicant check the specification and correct any errors that are discovered. The specification has been reviewed amended to correct minor informalities noted therein.

Approval and entry of the changes to the specification are respectfully requested.

Claim Amendments

The claims have been amended to correct minor informalities and to improve form.

Approval and entry of the changes to the claims are respectfully requested.

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Rejection Under 35 U.S.C. §102

Claims 1-5 and 7-14 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by

Aharoni et al (USP 6,014,694). For the reasons set forth in detail below, this rejection is

respectfully traversed.

By way of background information, in order to display pictures of various kinds of

formats on one display screen, a need arises for decoding circuits for performing decoding

processing on respective pictures. However, when various decoding circuits for respective

pictures are used, the circuit scale of the moving picture decoding apparatus becomes large and

the apparatus becomes unreasonably expensive.

To overcome the above problem, picture data of plural channels can be subjected to time-

division decoding using one decoding circuit. However, if the processing time for decoding data

to be displayed in one frame takes longer than one frame period, the total processing amount

exceeds the capability of the decoder, thereby disabling inputted picture data in all channels to be

reproduced.

Thus, embodiments of the present invention are directed to a method and apparatus for

decoding a moving picture, and, more particularly, to a digital TV receiver having a multi-

channel display mode for displaying plural pictures simultaneously. More specifically, the

present invention includes a header information processing section, which receives compression-

encoded digital video stream signals from plural channels and extracts header information

associated with a decode processing amount in each of said plural channels. A determination

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section estimates the decode processing amount in each of said plural channels according to the

header information to determine a reproduction scheme. A decoding section receives the video

stream signals of the plural channels and performs one of normal reproduction and simple

reproduction less than said normal reproduction in processing amount in each of the plural

channels according to an output of said determination section.

The Aharoni et al. reference discloses a system for transporting video and audio over

networks, such as the Internet or other types of networks that utilize the Internet Protocol (IP),

wherein the available bandwidth of the network channel (e.g., telephone line, LAN) varies with

time.

As shown in Fig. 1, a source of raw video data 12 is compressed by a video

compression/file generator module 14 into multiple levels of varying quality. More particularly,

as disclosed in column 8, lines 54-64 and column 10, lines 22-33 of Aharoni et al., the video

compression/file generator module 14 compresses the raw video source into frames (Key frame,

I frame and P frame), each frame having five levels quality. Level 1 contains the least amount of

data which represents the lowest video quality, while level 5 contains the greatest amount of data

representing the highest quality of video. The compressed video is stored in a compressed video

and audio file 16 and is accessed by a video server 18 when servicing clients 22 (see, e.g.,

column 7, lines 9-11).

As shown in Fig. 2, the video server 18 includes one or more receivers 30, one or more

senders 32, and a controller 34. Each receiver 30 functions to receive video data from the video

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data file that was previously generated by the video compression/file generator module 14. Each

sender 32 measures the available bandwidth of the network connection between the video server

18 and the video client 22 to determine the appropriate video quality level (level 1 - level 5) to

send over the connection (see column 7, line 44 - column 8, line 24, and particularly column 7,

lines 57-60 and column 8, lines 8-17).

Initially, it is noted that the Aharoni et al. reference and the presently claimed invention

are directed to two very different systems having different purposes. Specifically, the object of

the Aharoni et al. reference is to optimize the bandwidth of a network channel by adjusting the

compression ratio of data transmitted on a particular channel. That is, Aharoni et al. is related

to compression encoding digital data for transmission to a network. In contrast, the presently

claimed invention is directed to a system that receives plural channels of compression encoded

video stream signals and maximizes the decoding capability of a decoder by controlling a decode

processing mode of a decoder (i.e., normal reproduction mode and simple reproduction mode).

In other words, the Aharoni et al. reference is concerned with the compression encoding

of a video signal to match the bandwidth of a network channel, while the presently claimed

invention is concerned with the decoding of a plural streams of compression-encoded video

signals for multi-channel display.

It is respectfully submitted that Aharoni et al. do not disclose or suggest the elements

recited in claim 1.

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Specifically, Aharoni et al. do not disclose or suggest the claimed "header information

capture section receiving plural channels of compression-encoded video stream signals to extract

header information associated with a decode processing amount in each of said plural channels."

In contrast, the sections of Aharoni et al. cited by the Examiner as disclosing the "header

information capture section" (i.e., column 9, lines 15-48 and column 13, lines 10-53) disclose the

content of a Group of Pictures (GOP) and a bandwidth measuring method for measuring

bandwidth of a network channel. However, the Aharoni et al. reference, is completely silent

regarding a device that receives plural channels of compression-encoded video stream signals to

extract header information associated with a decode processing amount in each of plural

channels. Also note that Fig. 4, discussed in column 9, lines 15-48, shows one video stream, not

plural.

Further, Aharoni et al. do not disclose or suggest a determination section estimating the

decode processing amount in each of the plural channels according to the header information to

determine a reproduction scheme, as recited in claim 1. The Examiner cites column 17, lines 39-

67 as disclosing this feature. However, this portion of Aharoni et al. relates to the video client

22. While the cited portion of Aharoni et al. states that "the video client.... functions to decode

a video stream transmitted by the server" (column 17, lines 42-44), this portion is silent

regarding estimating a decode processing amount for each of plural channels. The cited portion

simply relates to standard decoding of the video signal received by the client.

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Finally, Aharoni et al. do not disclose or suggest a decoding section receiving the video

stream signals of the plural channels to perform one of normal reproduction and simple

reproduction less than the normal reproduction in processing amount in each of the plural

channels according to an output of the determination section. The Examiner cites column 12,

lines 40-60 for disclosure of this feature. However, this portion of Aharoni et al. relates to a

sender 32 including a packet generator 102 to prepare packets for transmission over a network

(see Fig. 9).

Thus, even if the plural senders 32 shown in Fig. 4 are considered to receive video stream

signals from plural channels, the plural senders 32 do not perform one of normal reproduction

and simple reproduction according to an output of a determination section, as claimed. Note, the

Examiner considers the video client 22 to correspond to the determination section. However,

although the video client 22 transmits bandwidth information to the video server 18, the video

client 22 does not control the reproduction mode in each of plural channels.

In view of the above remarks, it is respectfully submitted that independent claim 1 and

corresponding method claim 11 patentably distinguish over the prior art for the reasons discussed

above. Moreover, dependent claims 2-10 and 12-14 patentably distinguish over the cited prior

art by virtue of their dependency on claims 1 and 11. Reconsideration and withdrawal of

rejection under § 102 are respectfully requested.

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Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §103

Claim 6 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Aharoni et al.

in view of Fimoff (USP 6,665,344). For the reasons set forth in detail below, this rejection is

respectfully traversed.

Claim 6 depends from claim 1. It is respectfully submitted that Fimoff does not alleviate

any of the deficiencies of Aharoni et al. discussed above with respect to claim 1, and therefore

the combination of references does not result in the invention recited in claim 6. Reconsideration

and withdrawal of the rejection under § 103 are respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth in detail above, it is respectfully submitted that all pending

claims are in condition for allowance. An indication of allowability of all pending claims is

respectfully requested.

If the Examiner believes that there are any issues remaining to be resolved in this

application, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney at the telephone number

indicated below to arrange for an interview to expedite and complete prosecution of this case.

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In the event that this paper is not timely filed, applicant petitions for an appropriate

extension of time. The fees for such an extension, or any other fees which may be due, may be

charged to Deposit Account No. 50-2866.

Respectfully submitted,

WESTERMAN, HATTORI, DANIELS & ADRIAN, LLP

William M. Schutten

William M. Schertler Attorney for Applicant

Reg. No. 35,348

Atty. Docket No. **011260**

1250 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Suite 700

Washington, DC 20036 Tel: (202) 822-1100

Fax: (202) 822-1111

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